

ECONOMETRICS TEST

PHD IN ECONOMICS (XXIVTH CYCLE)

2022, January 12th — 3 hours

NAME: _____ SURNAME: _____

1. Consider an *i.i.d.* sample $x_1 \dots x_n$, where the density function for x_i is

$$f(x_i; \alpha) = \alpha x_i^{\alpha-1},$$

with $x_i \in [0, 1]$ and $\alpha > 0$. Answer the following questions:

- (a) For $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$, prove that the statistic

$$\bar{\alpha} = \frac{\bar{X}}{1 - \bar{X}}$$

is a consistent estimator of α . (*Hint: find the probability limit of $\bar{X}$*)

Proof:

- (b) Find the maximum likelihood estimator $\hat{\alpha}$.

$$\hat{\alpha} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- (c) Construct a Lagrange Multiplier test for the hypothesis $\alpha = 1$.

LM test statistic: _____ $\xrightarrow{d}$ _____

- (d) Optional: provide a justification for the statement “ $\bar{\alpha}$ is asymptotically less efficient than $\hat{\alpha}$ ”.

Proof:

2. (**Esame PhD del 12/01/2022 - Es. 1**) Let the time series model be $\Phi(L)y_t = \mu + \Theta(L)\varepsilon_t$, with $\varepsilon_t \sim WN(0, 1)$. A conditional maximum likelihood estimation returned the following results:

$$(1 - 0.5L + 0.04L^2)y_t = 1.35 + (1 + 0.25L^2)\varepsilon_t.$$

- (a) Write the solutions for both polynomials $\Phi(L)$ and $\Theta(L)$.

solutions for $\Phi(L) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ and solutions for $\Theta(L) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- (b) After checking for possible common factors, write the order of the model

ARMA(_____, _____)

- (c) Is the process stationary?

☐ YES

☐ NO

☐ CAN'T SAY

Why? _____

- (d) Is it possible to write the model in an observationally equivalent $MA(\infty)$ representation?

☐ YES, the $MA(\infty)$ representation is

$$y_t = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}\varepsilon_t + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}\varepsilon_{t-1} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}\varepsilon_{t-2} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}}\varepsilon_{t-3} + \dots$$

☐ NO, because _____

- (e) Now consider the stochastic process $x_t = 1.35 + (1 + 0.25L^2)\varepsilon_t$. Compute its expectation, variance and the autocorrelation of order 5.

$$E(x_t) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, \quad Var(x_t) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, \quad \rho_3 = Corr(x_t, x_{t-3}) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- (a) **(Esame PhD del 12/01/2022 - Es. 2)** With reference to the previous exercise, indicate the parameters of the $\Phi(L)$ polynomial with ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 , and the parameter of the $\Theta(L)$ polynomial with θ . Write the null hypothesis (H_0) according to which the model is an AR(1).

H_0 : _____

- (b) Suppose the covariance of the estimated parameters $\hat{\mu}$, $\hat{\phi}_1$, $\hat{\phi}_2$ and $\hat{\theta}$ is $2 \cdot 10^{-4}$ times the identity matrix, carry out the test about the above null hypothesis.

Test: _____ Distribution: _____ Test statistic: _____
 Decisione: DON'T REJECT ☐ REJECT ☐

- (c) Test the null hypothesis (H_0) according to which the above ARMA model would become a random walk $\Delta y_t = \varepsilon_t$.

H_0 : _____

Test: _____ Distribution: _____ Test statistic: _____
 Decisione: DON'T REJECT ☐ REJECT ☐

- (d) Now assume $\Theta(L) = 1$. Is it possible to write the model in *companion form*?

☐ YES, the equation is

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_t \\ y_{t-1} \end{bmatrix} =$$

☐ NO, because _____

